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# Material Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.13 MSDS Number 30000000002
Revision Date 10/03/2012 Print Date 09/07/2013

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Acetylene

Chemical formula : C2H2

Synonyms : Acetylene (dissolved), Ethyne, welding gas

Product Use Description : General Industrial

Manufacturer/Importer/Distribu

tor

: Air Products and Chemicals, Inc

7201 Hamilton Blvd. Allentown, PA 18195-1501 GST No. 123600835 RT0001 QST No. 102753981 TQ0001

Telephone : 1-610-481-4911 Corporate

1-800-345-3148 Chemicals Cust Serv

1-800-752-1597 Gases/Electronics Cust Serv

Emergency telephone number

(O.4E)

: 800-523-9374 USA

(24h) +1 610 481 7711 International

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **Emergency Overview**

High pressure gas.

Can cause rapid suffocation.

Extremely flammable.

May form explosive mixtures in air.

Immediate fire and explosion hazard exists when mixed with air at concentrations exceeding the lower flammability limit (LFL).

High concentrations that can cause rapid suffocation are within the flammable range and should not be entered. Avoid breathing gas.

Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may be required.

## Potential Health Effects

Inhalation : May cause anesthetic effects. In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation.

Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning

and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themselves.

Skin contact : No adverse effect.

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Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Chronic Health Hazard : Not applicable.

**Exposure Guidelines** 

Primary Routes of Entry : Inhalation

Target Organs : None known.

Symptoms : Exposure to oxygen deficient atmosphere may cause the following symptoms:

Dizziness. Salivation. Nausea. Vomiting. Loss of mobility/consciousness.

Aggravated Medical Condition

None known.

**Environmental Effects** 

Not harmful.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Concentration
		(Volume)
Acetylene	74-86-2	100 %

Concentration is nominal. For the exact product composition, please refer to Air Products technical specifications. For safety reasons, the acetylene is dissolved in acetone or dimethylformamide in the gas receptacle. Vapour of the solvent is carried away as impurity when the acetylene is extracted from the gas receptacle. The concentration of the solvent vapour in the gas is lower than the concentration limits to change the classification of the acetylene.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing

apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration

if breathing stopped.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Skin contact : Not applicable.

Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Inhalation : In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Move to fresh air. If breathing has

stopped or is labored, give assisted respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be

indicated. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately. Seek medical advice.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

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Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons.

Specific hazards

: Halons.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

: Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. Upon exposure to intense heat or flame, cylinder will vent rapidly and or rupture violently. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray. Extinguish fire only if gas flow can be stopped. If possible, shut off the source of gas and allow the fire to burn itself out. Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire. Move away from container and cool with water from a protected position. Keep adjacent cylinders cool by spraying with large amounts of water until fire burns itself out. If flames are accidentally extinguished, explosive re-ignition may occur; therefore, appropriate measures should be taken(e.g. total evacuation to protect persons from cylinder fragments and toxic fumes should a rupture occur). Most cylinders are designed to vent contents when exposed to elevated

temperatures.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Never enter a

confined space or other area where the flammable gas concentration is greater

the 10% of its lower flammable limit. Ventilate the area.

Environmental precautions : Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage

if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area. Approach suspected leak areas with caution.

Additional advice : Increase ventilation to the release area and monitor concentrations. If leak is

from cylinder or cylinder valve, call the Air Products emergency telephone number. If the leak is in the user's system, close the cylinder valve, safely vent

the pressure, and purge with an inert gas before attempting repairs.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Acetylene cylinders are heavier than other cylinders because they are packed with a porous filler material and acetone or dimethylformamide. Never use acetylene in excess of 15 psig pressure. Ensure adequate ventilation. Acetylene cylinders are heavier than other cylinders because they are packed with a porous filler material and acetone or dimethylformamide. Never use acetylene in excess of 15 psig pressure. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle compressed gases/cryogenic liquids. Before using the product, determine its identity by reading the label. Know and understand the properties and hazards of the product before use. When doubt exists as to the correct handling procedure for a particular gas, contact the supplier. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport

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cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Before connecting the container, check the complete gas system for suitability, particularly for pressure rating and materials. Before connecting the container for use, ensure that back feed from the system into the container is prevented. Ensure the complete gas system is compatible for pressure rating and materials of construction. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use. Employ suitable pressure regulating devices on all containers when the gas is being emitted to systems with lower pressure rating than that of the container. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing a leak to occur. Open valve slowly. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Close valve after each use and when empty. Replace outlet caps or plugs and container caps as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Do not subject containers to abnormal mechanical shock. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap or guard. Do not use containers as rollers or supports or for any other purpose than to contain the gas as supplied. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit. Do not smoke while handling product or cylinders. Never re-compress a gas or a gas mixture without first consulting the supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Always use backflow protective device in piping. Purge air from system before introducing gas. When returning cylinder install valve outlet cap or plug leak tight. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Containers should not be subjected to temperatures above 50℃ (122年). Prolo nged periods of cold temperature below -30℃ (-20年) should be avoided. All piped systems and associated equipment must be grounded.

## Storage

Containers should be stored in a purpose build compound which should be well ventilated, preferably in the open air. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Protect containers stored in the open against rusting and extremes of weather. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent toppling. The container valves should be tightly closed and where appropriate valve outlets should be capped or plugged. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage temperature to exceed 50℃ (122℃). S moking should be prohibited within storage areas or while handling product or containers. Display "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in the storage areas. The amounts of flammable or toxic gases in storage should be kept to a minimum. Return empty containers in a timely manner. Flammable storage areas should be separated from oxygen and other oxidizers by a minimum distance of 20 ft. (6.1 m.) or by a barrier of non-combustible material at least 5 ft. (1.5 m.) high, having a fire resistance rating of at least 1/2 hour.

#### Technical measures/Precautions

Containers should be segregated in the storage area according to the various categories (e.g. flammable, toxic, etc.) and in accordance whit local regulations. Keep away from combustible material. All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with flammable materials stored. Containers containing flammable gases should be stored away from other combustible materials. Where necessary containers containing oxygen and oxidants should be separated from flammable gases by a fire resistant partition.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Engineering measures

Provide natural or explosion-proof ventilation that is adequate to ensure flammable gas does not reach its lower

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explosive limit.

## Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : High concentrations that can cause rapid suffocation are within the flammable

range and should not be entered.

Hand protection : Sturdy work gloves are recommended for handling cylinders.

The breakthrough time of the selected glove(s) must be greater than the intended

use period.

Eye protection : Safety glasses recommended when handling cylinders.

Skin and body protection : Safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders.

Wear as appropriate:

Flame retardant protective clothing.

Special instructions for protection and hygiene

: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Exposure limit(s)

Acetylene	Ceiling Limit Value and Time Period (if specified):	2,500 ppm	2,662 mg/m3	l
	NIOSH			l

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form : Dissolved gas.

Color : Colorless gas

Odor : Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Garlic-like.

Odor : Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odor:

Garlic-like.

Molecular Weight : 26.04 g/mol

Relative vapor density : 0.899 (air = 1)

Vapor pressure : 638.14 psia (44.00 bara) at 68 % (20 %)

Density : 0.069 lb/ft3 (0.0011 g/cm3) at 70 % (21 %)

Note: (as vapor)

Specific Volume : 14.77 ft3/lb (0.9221 m3/kg) at 70 % (21 %)

Boiling point/range :  $-120 \, \text{\footnote{T}} \, (-84.2 \, \text{\footnote{C}})$ 

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Critical temperature : 96 ♥ (35.6 ℃)

Melting point/range : -113  $\mathbb{F}$  (-80.8  $\mathbb{C}$ )

Flash point : -18 ℃

Autoignition temperature : 325 ℃

Upper flammability limit : 83 %(V)

Lower flammability limit : 2.4 %(V)

Water solubility : 1.185 g/l

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : Cylinders should not be exposed to sudden shock or sources of heat. Heat,

flames and sparks. May form explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Materials to avoid : Under certain conditions, acetylene can react with copper, silver, and mercury to

form acetylides, compounds which can act as ignition sources. Brasses containing less than 65% copper in the alloy and certain nickel alloys are suitable for acetylene service undernormal conditions. Acetylene can react explosively when combined with oxygen and other oxidizers including all halogens and halogencompounds. The presence of moisture, certain acids, or alkaline

materials tends to enhance the formation of copper acetylides.

Oxygen.

Oxidizing agents.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Unstable. Stable as shipped. Do not use at pressure above 15 psig.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Acute Health Hazard

Ingestion : No data is available on the product itself.

Inhalation : No data is available on the product itself.

Dermal : No data is available on the product itself.

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Ecotoxicity effects**

Aquatic toxicity : No data is available on the product itself.

Toxicity to other organisms : No data available.

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## Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : No data is available on the product itself.

Mobility : No data available.

Bioaccumulation : No data is available on the product itself.

#### Further information

This product has no known eco-toxicological effects.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused

products

: Contact supplier if guidance is required. Return unused product in original cylinder to supplier. Do not discharge into areas where there is a risk of forming an explosive mixture with air. Waste gas should be flared through a suitable

burner with flash back arrestor.

Contaminated packaging : Return cylinder to supplier.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### DOT

UN/ID No. : UN1001

Proper shipping name : Acetylene, dissolved

Class or Division : 2.1 Label(s) : 2.1 Marine Pollutant : No

#### IATA

Transport Forbidden

## **IMDG**

UN/ID No. : UN1001

Proper shipping name : ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED

Class or Division : 2.1 Label(s) : 2.1 Marine Pollutant : No

#### **TDG**

UN/ID No. : UN1001

Proper shipping name : ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED

Class or Division : 2.1 Label(s) : 2.1 Marine Pollutant : No

#### **Further Information**

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Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. The transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory data relating to this material. For complete transportation information, contact an Air Products customer service representative.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) 12(b) Component(s):

None.

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1 200) Hazard Class(es) Flammable. Compressed Gas.

Country	Regulatory list	Notification
USA	TSCA	Included on Inventory.
EU	EINECS	Included on Inventory.
Canada	DSL	Included on Inventory.
Australia	AICS	Included on Inventory.
Japan	ENCS	Included on Inventory.
South Korea	ECL	Included on Inventory.
China	SEPA	Included on Inventory.
Philippines	PICCS	Included on Inventory.

EPA SARA Title III Section 312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Classification Fire Hazard. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard.

US. California Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other harm.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### NFPA Rating

Health : 0 Fire : 4 Instability : 2

## **HMIS Rating**

Health : 2 Flammability : 4 Physical hazard : 2

Prepared by : Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. Global EH&S Product Safety Department

Telephone : 1-610-481-4911 Corporate

1-800-345-3148 Chemicals Cust Serv

1-800-752-1597 Gases/Electronics Cust Serv

H-Town Oxygen Acetylene

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For additional information, please visit our Product Stewardship web site at http://www.airproducts.com/productstewardship/